- SEC. 13. NATIONAL BISON RANGE RESTORATION.
- (a) Findings; Purposes.—
- (1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

1	(A) the Reservation was set aside for the
2	Tribes in 1855 under the treaty between the
3	United States and the Tribes concluded at Hell
4	Gate on July 16, 1855 (12 Stat. 975);
5	(B) the National Bison Range was estab-
6	lished as a conservation measure in 1908, a
7	time when the bison were at grave risk of ex-
8	tinction;
9	(C) the National Bison Range is located in
10	the middle of the Reservation on land that was
11	acquired by the United States in what was later
12	held, in the civil action entitled "Confederated
13	Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead In-
14	dian Reservation, Montana v. United States"
15	(437 F.2d 458 (Ct.Cl. 1971)), to be a taking
16	under the Fifth Amendment to the Constitution
17	of the United States;
18	(D) the Tribes never consented to the re-
19	moval of the land described in subparagraph
20	(C) from Tribal ownership;
21	(E) since time immemorial until the estab-
22	lishment of the National Bison Range, the
23	Tribes had used the land described in subpara-
24	graph (C) for—

1	(i) hunting, fishing, and gathering
2	and
3	(ii) cultural and many other purposes
4	(F)(i) in the 1870s, when slaughter re-
5	sulted in the risk of bison extinction, a Pend
6	d'Oreille man named Little Falcon Robe re-
7	ceived approval from leaders of the Tribes to
8	bring orphaned bison calves across the Conti-
9	nental Divide to the Reservation for purposes of
10	starting a herd for subsistence and conservation
11	purposes;
12	(ii) starting with just a few bison calves,
13	the animals grew into a large herd under the
14	stewardship of members of the Tribes, who
15	later included Michel Pablo and Charles Allard;
16	and
17	(iii) the Reservation was the home of that
18	free-ranging herd of bison for decades before
19	the establishment of the National Bison Range;
20	(G) when the Reservation was opened for
21	homesteading, a free-ranging bison herd was no
22	longer feasible, resulting in Michel Pablo selling
23	the herd to off-Reservation interests;
24	(H) many of the bison, or their descend-
25	ants, from the Tribal member-managed herd

1	were repurchased and brought back to the Res-
2	ervation to form the original herd for the Na-
3	tional Bison Range;
4	(I) the bison herd at the National Bison
5	Range descends largely from a herd started and
6	managed as described in subparagraph (F);
7	(J) the Tribes—
8	(i) have played a substantive role as
9	conservation leaders, often in partnership
10	with the National Bison Range;
11	(ii) have demonstrated a long-term
12	commitment to responsible management of
13	the land and resources surrounding the
14	National Bison Range; and
15	(iii) desire to carry out the purposes
16	for which the National Bison Range was
17	established;
18	(K) the Tribes have extensive experience in
19	wildlife and natural resources management, in-
20	cluding—
21	(i) the establishment and management
22	of the 91,000-acre Mission Mountains
23	Tribal Wilderness, the first tribally des-
24	ignated wilderness area in the United
25	States;

1	(ii) special management districts for
2	large animals, such as the Little Money
3	Bighorn Sheep Management Area and the
4	Ferry Basin Elk Management Area; and
5	(iii) the restoration and management
6	of bighorn sheep populations, peregrine fal-
7	cons, and trumpeter swans on the Reserva-
8	tion;
9	(L) the Tribes have an extensive history of
10	successful partnerships with Federal agencies
11	with respect to issues such as—
12	(i) threatened and endangered species
13	management;
14	(ii) migratory waterfowl management;
15	and
16	(iii) wetland habitat management;
17	(M)(i) the Tribes have entered into prior
18	management-related agreements relating to the
19	National Bison Range under title IV of the In-
20	dian Self-Determination and Education Assist-
21	ance Act (25 U.S.C. 5361 et seq.); and
22	(ii) the Tribes and the United States de-
23	sire to build on past and current partnerships,
24	as well as honor and advance the Federal and

1	Tribal objectives of increasing Tribal autonomy
2	and Tribal governmental capacity;
3	(N) since the establishment of the National
4	Bison Range, additional herds of bison have
5	been established on other national wildlife ref-
6	uges and national parks;
7	(O) the facts and history regarding the
8	Federal Government, the Tribes, the bison, and
9	land on the Reservation acquired for the Na-
10	tional Bison Range are exceptional cir-
11	cumstances that warrant action by Congress;
12	and
13	(P) the United States should hold title in
14	and to the land comprising the National Bison
15	Range, with beneficial title of the land being re-
16	stored to the Tribes for—
17	(i) continued bison conservation;
18	(ii) other wildlife and natural resource
19	management purposes; and
20	(iii) other nonconflicting purposes of
21	the Tribes.
22	(2) Purposes.—The purposes of this section
23	are—
24	(A) to acknowledge the history, culture,
25	and ecological stewardship of the Tribes with

1	respect to the land on the Reservation acquired
2	for the National Bison Range, bison, and other
3	natural resources;
4	(B) to ensure that the land, bison, and
5	other resources referred to in subparagraph (A)
6	continue to be protected and enhanced;
7	(C) to continue public access and edu-
8	cational opportunities; and
9	(D) to ensure a smooth transition for land,
10	bison, and other natural resources as the land
11	is restored to Federal trust ownership for the
12	benefit of the Tribes.
13	(b) Definition of National Bison Range.—In
14	this section, the term "National Bison Range" means all
15	land within the Reservation that was reserved for the na-
16	tional bison range under the matter under the heading
17	"NATIONAL BISON RANGE" under the heading "MIS-
18	CELLANEOUS" under the heading "DEPARTMENT OF AG-
19	RICULTURE" in the Act of May 23, 1908 (16 U.S.C. 671)
20	(as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of
21	this Act).
22	(c) RESTORATION OF LAND.—
23	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
24	provision of law, for the purposes of conserving
25	bison, wildlife, and natural resources, and of safe-

1	guarding the interests of the Tribes in those re
2	sources and the traditional, cultural, and other inter
3	ests of the Tribes, all land comprising the Nationa
4	Bison Range (including all natural resources, inter-
5	ests, and appurtenances of that land) shall be held
6	in trust by the United States for the benefit of the
7	Tribes.
8	(2) Administration.—The land restored by
9	paragraph (1) shall be—
10	(A) a part of the Reservation;
11	(B) administered under the laws (including
12	regulations) applicable to Indian trust land; and
13	(C) managed by the Tribes, in accordance
14	with paragraph (3), solely for the care and
15	maintenance of bison, wildlife, and other nat-
16	ural resources, including designation or naming
17	of the restored land.
18	(3) Tribal management.—In managing the
19	land restored by paragraph (1), the Tribes shall—
20	(A) provide public access and educational
21	opportunities; and
22	(B) at all times, have a publicly available
23	management plan for the land, bison, and nat-
24	ural resources, which shall include actions to

1	address management and control of invasive
2	weeds.
3	(d) Conveyance of Buildings and Other Struc-
4	TURES.—
5	(1) In general.—The United States shall con-
6	vey to the Tribes, to own in fee, all ownership inter-
7	ests of the United States in all buildings, structures,
8	improvements, and appurtenances located on the
9	land restored by subsection (c)(1).
10	(2) Personal Property.—The United States
11	may convey to the Tribes any personal property
12	owned by the United States and found on, or other-
13	wise associated with, the land restored by subsection
14	(c)(1).
15	(e) Relinquishment of Rights to Bison.—The
16	United States relinquishes to the Tribes all interests of
17	United States in the bison on the land restored by sub-
18	section $(c)(1)$.
19	(f) Transition.—
20	(1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other
21	provision of law, during the 2-year period beginning
22	on the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
23	shall cooperate with the Tribes in transition activi-
24	ties regarding the management of land, bison, and
25	other resources conveyed by this Act, including by

- 1 providing to the Tribes funds, personal property,
- 2 equipment, or other resources determined to be ap-
- 3 propriate by the Secretary for the performance of, or
- 4 assistance with, the types of activities carried out by
- 5 the Secretary at the National Bison Range as of the
- 6 date of enactment of this Act.
- 7 (2) Effect.—Consistent with subsections (c),
- 8 (d), and (e), nothing in this section authorizes the
- 9 Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife
- 10 Service to retain ownership or control of any real or
- personal property conveyed by this section, except as
- the Tribes may agree to in writing.
- 13 (g) Repeal.—The matter under the heading "Na-
- 14 TIONAL BISON RANGE" under the heading "MISCELLA-
- 15 NEOUS" under the heading "DEPARTMENT OF AGRI-
- 16 CULTURE" in the Act of May 23, 1908 (16 U.S.C. 671),
- 17 is repealed.
- 18 (h) Liability.—
- 19 (1) Funding for liability insurance.—For
- the continued protection of the public, and as long
- as public visitation is required by Federal law for
- 22 the land restored by this section, the Secretary shall
- provide to the Tribes funding sufficient to procure li-
- ability insurance covering tort actions filed by mem-
- bers of the public.

- 1 (2) LIABILITY OF TRIBES.—The Tribes shall 2 not be liable for any land, soil, surface water, 3 groundwater, or other contamination, injury, or 4 damage resulting from the storage, disposal, release, 5 or presence of any hazardous substance (as defined 6 in section 101 of the Comprehensive Environmental 7 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 8 (42 U.S.C. 9601)) on any portion of the land re-9 stored by this section on or before the date of the 10 conveyance, unless the Tribes would otherwise have 11 been responsible for the storage, disposal, release, or 12 presence.
- 13 (i) Claims Against United States.—No claim
 14 may be brought pursuant to chapter 7 of title 5, United
 15 States Code, or section 1491 or 1505 of title 28, United
 16 States Code, against the United States, or any agency,
 17 officer, or employee of the United States, concerning the
 18 preconveyance or postconveyance management of the land
 19 and other property conveyed by this section.
- 20 (j) EFFECT.—Nothing in this section relieves the 21 United States of any obligation under section 120(h)(3) 22 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 24 9620(h)(3)).

1	(k) No Precedent.—The provisions of this sec-
2	tion—
3	(1) are uniquely suited to address the distinct
4	circumstances, facts, history, and relationships in-
5	volved with the bison, land, and Tribes; and
6	(2) are not intended, and shall not be inter-
7	preted, to establish a precedent for any other situa-
8	tion regarding Federal land, property, or facilities.
9	(l) Indian Gaming Regulatory Act.—The land
10	restored by this section shall not be eligible or used for
11	any gaming activity carried out under the Indian Gaming
12	Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.).